



STUDY OF PROFESSIONAL STATUS OF PARENTS OF OBC STUDENTS PURSUING HIGHER EDUCATION

Dr. Anil Nimbalkar

Dept. of Economics
MSS Arts, Science & Commerce,
College, Ambad, Dist. Jalna (MS).

Dr. Sandip G. Salve

Dept. of Economics
MSS Arts, Science, & Commerce
College Ambad, Dist. Jalna (MS)

Summary :

In the present research work factors like Agriculture, Landless agricultural Labours, Wage work, Government job etc. have been consider to study the professional status of the OBC Students pursuing higher education.

Keywords : Socio-Economic factors, Male and Female Students, Higher Education.

Objective

1) To study the professional status of the father of OBC Caste students pursuing higher education.

Hypothesis

- 1) Parents of OBC Caste students pursuing higher education are landless.
- 2) Parents of OBC Cast students pursuing higher education work as laborers.

Methodology

The research work presented relates to the present time. Therefore, the survey method has been used for completion of the present research work.

Fact Collection

The primary source questionnaire is used for data collection.

Sample Selection

10 students pursuing higher education have been deliberated selected.

Statistical mechanism

Percentage this statistical technique is used to analyzing the information presented.



Scope of research

The present research work studies the professional status of the parents of OBC students pursuing higher education.

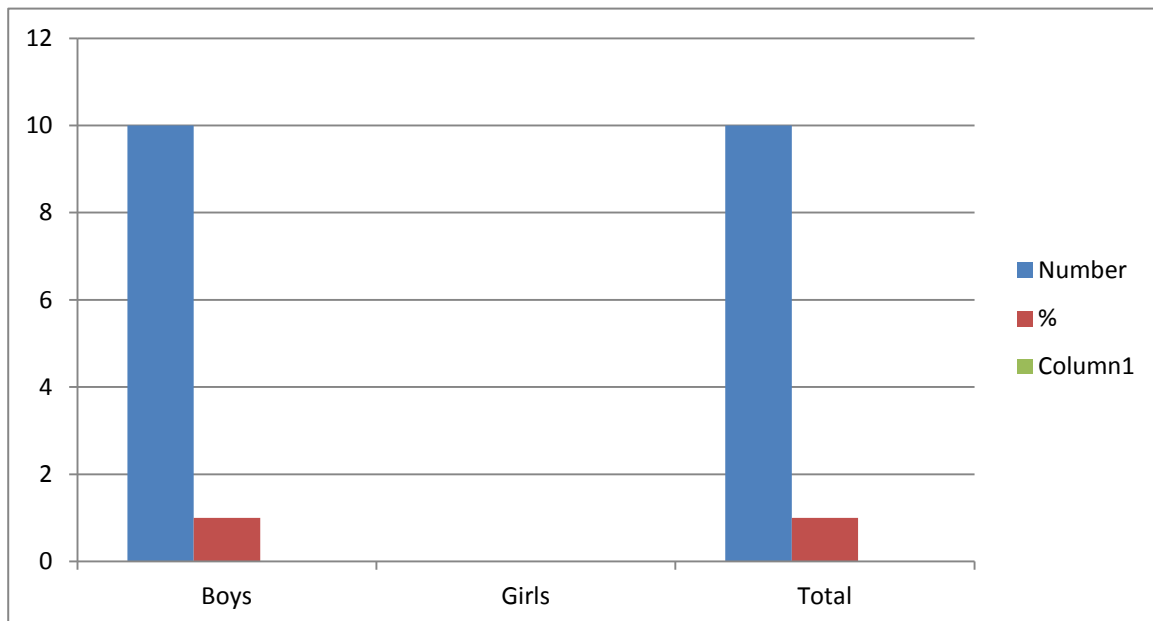
Limitation

The present research work is limited to only 10 students pursuing higher education, so it is not possible to say exactly how much progress will be made in higher education.

Analysis of Data

Table no. 1 Number of boys and Girls

Sr. no	Gender	Number	Percentage
1	Boys	10	100%
2	Girls	00	00%
3	Total	10	100%



From table number 1 it is clear that out of total number of students, 10 are boys and 0 are girls.



Table no. 2 the level of education of the students

Sr. no	Components	Number of Students	Percentage
1	UG	04	40%
2	PG	04	40%
3	PH.D	02	20%
4	Total	10	100%

From table no 2 clear that 40 % of the total students are UG students. About 40% of the students are PG students. 20% of students are PH.D students.

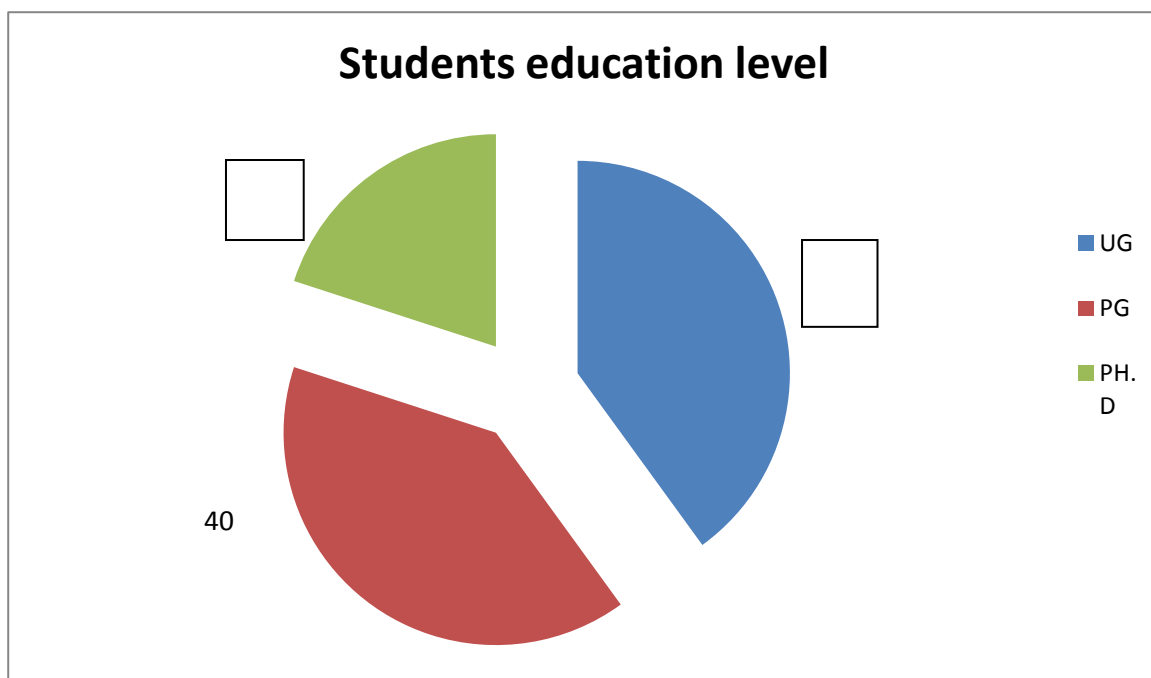
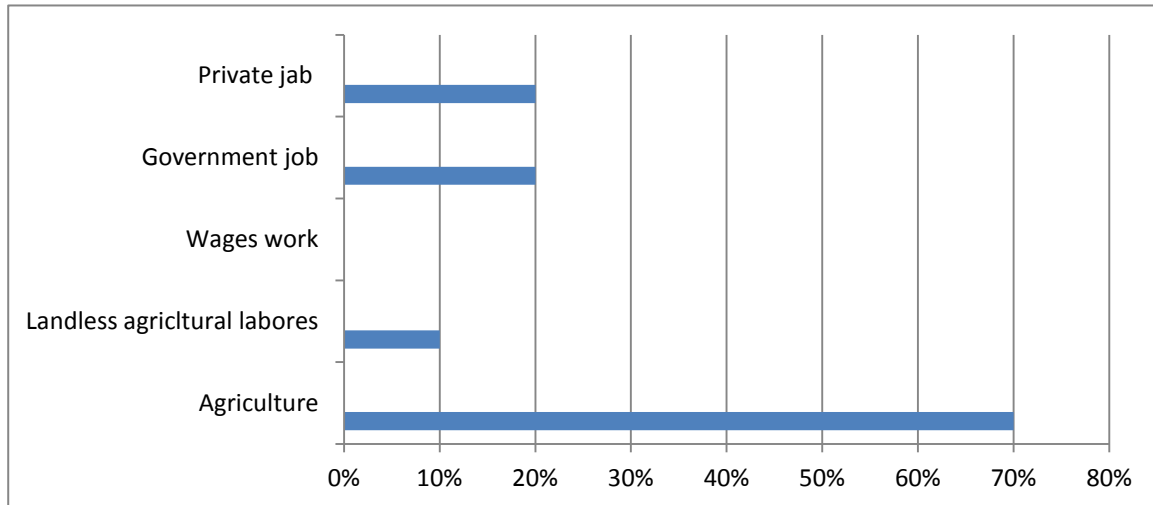


Table no. 3 Professional status of parents of OBC students pursuing higher education

Sr. no.	Factors	Number	Percentage
1	Agriculture	07	70%
2	Landless agriculture labores	01	10%
3	Wage works	00	00%
4	Government job	02	20%
5	Private job	00	20%
6	total	10	100%

From table 3 it is clear that the parents of 70 percent of the students are farmer. The parents of ten percent are landless agriculture laborers. Parents of 0 percent of the students work as laborers and parents of the 20 percent of the students do private job.



Conclusion

1. About 40% of the total students are PG students.
2. The parents of 70% of the respondents are engaged in farming.
3. The parents of 10% percent of the respondents are wage and labor work.
4. Only 20% of respondents parents have private job.
5. None of the students fathers got government job.

References

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